

Emerging Markets Insights

Regulatory Uncertainty in China Weighed on Emerging Markets in July

Three Things We're Thinking About Today

- China is in the middle of a tightening regulatory cycle, implementing anti-monopoly, data security and industry-specific regulations. Increased regulatory scrutiny, especially the new policy governing the after-school tutoring (AST) industry, has elevated market volatility and investor fears of policy risks in China. The underlying thread that ties the intense regulatory activities across many industries lies in Beijing's determination to develop China into a "modernized socialist economy," including objectives of common prosperity, green development and independence in key technologies and industries. Geopolitics also plays a key role. It is critical to evaluate the alignment of companies with China's long-term strategic goals. **Regulatory cycles are not uncommon in China**—policy and regulatory scrutiny should be seen as ongoing risks when it comes to investing in China, to be carefully monitored and integrated in company research and portfolio management. Given the role of innovation as a driver of productivity and gross domestic product growth, we don't believe government regulatory efforts aim to curtail digital sector growth as a whole.
- In **China's education sector**, we believe that current regulatory scrutiny on the AST industry is driven by the government's desire to reduce the educational burden on children and parents, in the context of government concerns regarding the country's slowing birth rate. Key stipulations in the new policy included that AST must be "not-for-profit" entities, in which case all profits and cashflows must be reinvested into the business and sponsors (shareholders) cannot lay claim to profits, foreign investors can no longer invest in AST via the Variable Interest Entity structure, which could likely result in company de-listings, and AST institutions are not allowed to use capital markets for financing. The implications of the new policy make it evident to us that the current AST business model is no longer viable, nor are the current listing structures. It is unclear how the businesses will restructure to satisfy key regulatory requirements (not-for-profit and no foreign investment), and necessary operational changes to the business model will likely take an extended period of time to resolve.
- Although concerns of widening regulatory changes in **China's internet sector** weighed heavily on stock prices in July, more recent efforts by the securities regulator to ease market concerns offered investors some comfort. Similar to many regulators globally and as seen in the past in China, we believe that recent actions serve to ensure that private enterprises remain aligned with the government on issues such as market competition, product safety, social policies, public good and national security. Over the medium term, we see the larger challenge to China's internet sector being rising competition, which will require from investors greater emphasis on fundamentals and stock selection. Despite these challenges, we continue to believe that some of the leading Chinese internet names warrant a core allocation in emerging market (EM) portfolios due to ongoing earnings sustainability, fueled by a proven ability to expand and diversify their total addressable market.

Market Performance (MSCI EM Index, USD)

Cumulative Return

| Best | Worst |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Egypt (7.0%) | China (-13.8%) |
| Turkey (6.6%) | Philippines (-11.7%) |
| Argentina (6.4%) | Peru (-9.1%) |

Sector Performance (MSCI EM Index, USD)

Cumulative Return

| Best | Worst |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Materials (-1.8%) | Real Estate (-17.4%) |
| Utilities (-1.9%) | Consumer Discretionary (-14.1%) |
| Information Technology (-3.0%) | Telecommunication Services (-11.8%) |

Currency Performance (MSCI EM Index, USD)

% Change

| Best | Worst |
|------------------|------------------|
| Turkey (3.2%) | Peru (-5.4%) |
| Kuwait (0.3%) | Chile (-4.1%) |
| Indonesia (0.3%) | Colombia (-3.4%) |

Source: FactSet, one-month period ending 07/31/21.

Outlook

Globally, COVID-19 continues to dominate headlines and we expect it to remain prevalent for the rest of 2021 and going into 2022. While some emerging markets have made solid progress with inoculation, the challenges of new COVID-19 variants and the distribution of vaccines have hindered others. As a result, we can expect many countries to continue experiencing sporadic COVID-19 outbreaks that will add volatility to the underlying trend of economic and market recovery.

There has, however, been a growing divergence between the perceived challenges and EM's demonstrated structural strengths. We highlight three key areas that warrant attention—demand, sentiment and inflation. We see demand remaining robust, and technology's role as a key economic engine has only strengthened during the pandemic. Inflation concerns in the US have reemerged, but we believe—among EMs at least—that inflationary pressures should be relatively short-lived.

Although sentiment is soft amid fresh COVID-19 outbreaks, slow vaccination progress, and other country-specific concerns, vaccination programs are ramping up in EMs, which should enable further economic reopenings. A progressive return to

normalization is supportive of the technology and consumption themes that have become the new drivers of economic growth for many EMs, with all of that also leading to an earnings rebound that can be expected from a lower base last year.

As a whole, EM economic fundamentals have improved in the past decade, and we believe they are in a stronger position today to cope with any market volatility. Our overall outlook for EMs remains positive, with long-term investment opportunities underpinned by EMs' structural strengths and the competitiveness of their companies.

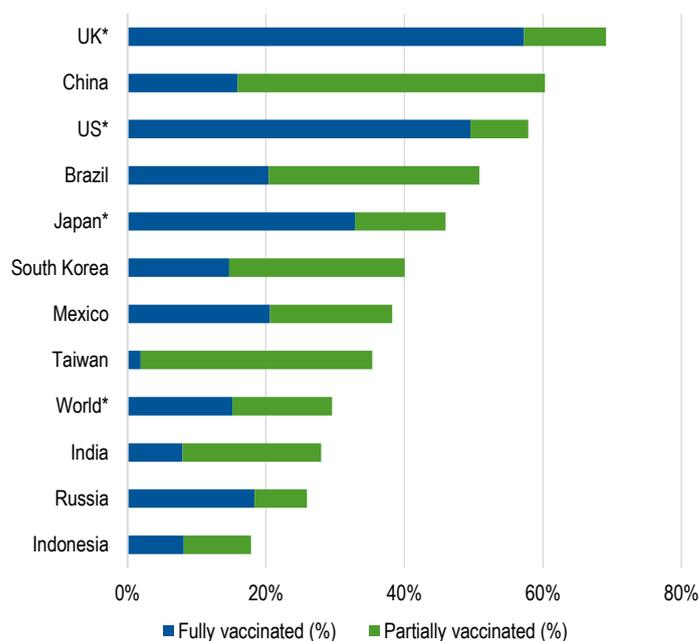
Emerging Markets Key Trends and Developments

EM equities fell in July, whereas developed market stocks advanced. China weighed on EMs' overall performance as a series of regulatory curbs in the country sent its market sharply lower. The global spread of a COVID-19 variant also dampened economic growth expectations and undercut investors' risk appetite. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index fell 6.7% over the month, while the MSCI World Index rose 1.8%, both in US dollars.¹

Snapshot of COVID-19 Trends Across Key Markets

EM vaccination rates vs DM

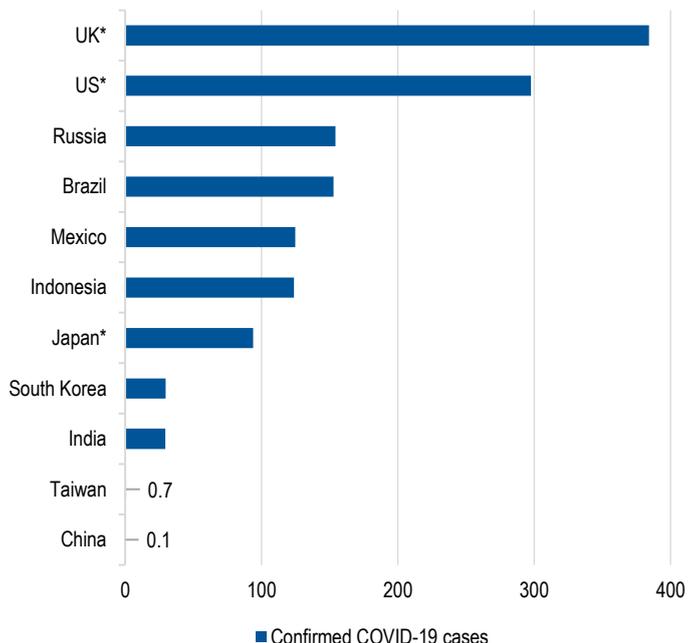
As of August 8, 2021



Source: Our World in Data. *Developed Markets.

Daily new confirmed COVID-19 cases (per one million)

Seven-day moving average



The Most Important Moves in Emerging Markets in July 2021

- Emerging Asian equities retreated in July, notching the weakest regional performance within EMs. Stocks in China fell as it tightened regulations across the AST, internet and property industries, raising concerns about policy risks. In the

Philippines, Thailand and South Korea, markets lost ground amid rising COVID-19 cases and new mobility restrictions. Outbreaks led Thailand to cut its 2021 economic growth forecast. Bucking the downtrend, Indian equities rose modestly, thanks to strong earnings reports from some companies.

- Latin American markets declined on concerns about the COVID-19 Delta variant and its impact on the global recovery. Weakness in regional currencies further impacted returns. Depreciation in the Brazilian real and weak market sentiment overshadowed a bullish economic outlook in Brazil. The government raised its 2021 economic growth forecast to 5.3% from 3.5% driven by expectations of continued growth in key economic indicators including manufacturing and retail sales, and continued vaccination efforts. Mexico, however, bucked the trend, ending July with gains as companies generally reported above-consensus second-quarter earnings.
- The Europe, the Middle East and Africa region was the top performing EM region in July, driven by strength in Egypt, Turkey and Kuwait. Stocks in South Africa recorded local-currency gains but fell in US dollar terms owing to the South African rand's weakness. Potential implications of recent riots in the country also concerned investors. Russian equities, however, fell slightly against a backdrop of volatile oil prices that ended the month little changed. Russia's central bank raised its key interest rate sharply to curb rising inflation.

Franklin Templeton Emerging Markets Equity

Local Knowledge, Global Reach

In a sea of overlooked and under-researched companies, there's no substitute for local market knowledge. Our on-the-ground investment team of over 80 portfolio managers and analysts across nearly 20 countries distinguishes Franklin Templeton Emerging Markets Equity from the crowd. Investors benefit from our networks of local business contacts, access to in-person company visits and real time response to local market events.

Our global reach through Franklin Templeton Investments provides access to sophisticated risk management and trading resources. Portfolio management collaborates closely with the Investment Risk Management Group, which provides detailed risk analytics to complement the team's assessment of risk exposures.

- ▶ **80+ portfolio managers and research analysts**
- ▶ **16 years on average of industry experience**
- ▶ **8 years on average with Franklin Templeton**

1. Source: MSCI. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index captures large- and mid-cap representation across 24 emerging-market countries. The MSCI World Index captures large- and mid-cap performance across 23 developed markets. Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot directly invest in them. They do not include fees, expenses or sales charges. **Past performance is not an indicator or guarantee of future results.** MSCI makes no warranties and shall have no liability with respect to any MSCI data reproduced herein. No further redistribution or use is permitted. This report is not prepared or endorsed by MSCI. Important data provider notices and terms available at www.franklintempletondatasources.com.

WHAT ARE THE RISKS?

All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal. The value of investments can go down as well as up, and investors may not get back the full amount invested. Stock prices fluctuate, sometimes rapidly and dramatically, due to factors affecting individual companies, particular industries or sectors, or general market conditions. Special risks are associated with investing in foreign securities, including risks associated with political and economic developments, trading practices, availability of information, limited markets and currency exchange rate fluctuations and policies; investments in emerging markets involve heightened risks related to the same factors. To the extent a strategy focuses on particular countries, regions, industries, sectors or types of investment from time to time, it may be subject to greater risks of adverse developments in such areas of focus than a strategy that invests in a wider variety of countries, regions, industries, sectors or investments. China may be subject to considerable degrees of economic, political and social instability. Investments in securities of Chinese issuers involve risks that are specific to China, including certain legal, regulatory, political and economic risks. There is no assurance any estimate, forecast or projection will be realized.

IMPORTANT LEGAL INFORMATION

This material is intended to be of general interest only and should not be construed as individual investment advice or a recommendation or solicitation to buy, sell or hold any security or to adopt any investment strategy. It does not constitute legal or tax advice. This material may not be reproduced, distributed or published without prior written permission from Franklin Templeton.

The views expressed are those of the investment manager and the comments, opinions and analyses are rendered as at publication date and may change without notice. The underlying assumptions and these views are subject to change based on market and other conditions and may differ from other portfolio managers or of the firm as a whole. The information provided in this material is not intended as a complete analysis of every material fact regarding any country, region or market. There is no assurance that any prediction, projection or forecast on the economy, stock market, bond market or the economic trends of the markets will be realized. The value of investments and the income from them can go down as well as up and you may not get back the full amount that you invested. Past performance is not necessarily indicative nor a guarantee of future performance. **All investments involve risks, including possible loss of principal.**

Any research and analysis contained in this material has been procured by Franklin Templeton for its own purposes and may be acted upon in that connection and, as such, is provided to you incidentally. Data from third party sources may have been used in the preparation of this material and Franklin Templeton ("FT") has not independently verified, validated or audited such data. Although information has been obtained from sources that Franklin Templeton believes to be reliable, no guarantee can be given as to its accuracy and such information may be incomplete or condensed and may be subject to change at any time without notice. The mention of any individual securities should neither constitute nor be construed as a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell any securities, and the information provided regarding such individual securities (if any) is not a sufficient basis upon which to make an investment decision. FT accepts no liability whatsoever for any loss arising from use of this information and reliance upon the comments, opinions and analyses in the material is at the sole discretion of the user.

Products, services and information may not be available in all jurisdictions and are offered outside the U.S. by other FT affiliates and/or their distributors as local laws and regulation permits. Please consult your own financial professional or Franklin Templeton institutional contact for further information on availability of products and services in your jurisdiction.

Issued in the U.S. by Franklin Distributors, LLC, One Franklin Parkway, San Mateo, California 94403-1906, (800) DIAL BEN/342-5236, franklintempleton.com - Franklin Distributors, LLC, member FINRA/SIPC, is the principal distributor of Franklin Templeton U.S. registered products, which are not FDIC insured; may lose value; and are not bank guaranteed and are available only in jurisdictions where an offer or solicitation of such products is permitted under applicable laws and regulation.

Australia: Issued by Franklin Templeton Investments Australia Limited (ABN 87 006 972 247) (Australian Financial Services License Holder No. 225328), Level 19, 101 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, 3000. **Austria/Germany:** Issued by Franklin Templeton International Services S.à r.l., Niederlassung Deutschland, Frankfurt, Mainzer Landstr. 16, 60325 Frankfurt/Main. Tel: 08 00/0 73 80 01 (Germany), 08 00/29 59 11 (Austria), Fax: +49(0)69/2 72 23-120, info@franklintempleton.de, info@franklintempleton.at **Canada:** Issued by Franklin Templeton Investments Corp., 200 King Street West, Suite 1500 Toronto, ON, M5H3T4, Fax: (416) 364-1163, (800) 387-0830, www.franklintempleton.ca. **Netherlands:** Franklin Templeton International Services S.à r.l., Dutch Branch, World Trade Center Amsterdam, H-Toren, 5e verdieping, Zuidplein 36, 1077 XV Amsterdam, Netherlands. Tel: +31 (0) 20 575 2890. **United Arab Emirates:** Issued by Franklin Templeton Investments (ME) Limited, authorized and regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority. Dubai office: Franklin Templeton, The Gate, East Wing, Level 2, Dubai International Financial Centre, P.O. Box 506613, Dubai, U.A.E. Tel: +9714-4284100 Fax: +9714-4284140. **France:** Issued by Franklin Templeton International Services S.à r.l., French branch, 55 avenue Hoche, 75008 Paris France. **Hong Kong:** Issued by Franklin Templeton Investments (Asia) Limited, 17/F, Chater House, 8 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong. **Italy:** Issued by Franklin Templeton International Services S.à r.l. - Italian Branch, Corso Italia, 1 - Milan, 20122, Italy. **Japan:** Issued by Franklin Templeton Investments Japan Limited. **Korea:** Issued by Franklin Templeton Investment Trust Management Co., Ltd., 3rd fl., CCMM Building, 12 Youido-Dong, Youngdungpo-Gu, Seoul, Korea 150-968. **Luxembourg/Benelux:** Issued by Franklin Templeton International Services S.à r.l. - Supervised by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier - 8A, rue Albert Borschette, L-1246 Luxembourg. Tel: +352-46 66 67-1 Fax: +352-46 66 76. **Malaysia:** Issued by Franklin Templeton Asset Management (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. & Franklin Templeton GSC Asset Management Sdn. Bhd. This document has not been reviewed by Securities Commission Malaysia. **Poland:** Issued by Templeton Asset Management (Poland) TFI S.A.; Rondo ONZ 1; 00-124 Warsaw **Romania:** Franklin Templeton International Services S.à r.l. Luxembourg, Bucharest Branch, at 78-80 Buzesti Str, Premium Point, 8th Floor, Bucharest 1, 011017, Romania. Registered with Romania Financial Supervisory Authority under no. PJM07.1AFIASMDLUX0037/10 March 2016 and authorized and regulated in Luxembourg by Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier. Tel: + 40 21 200 9600 **Singapore:** Issued by Templeton Asset Management Ltd. Registration No. (UEN) 199205211E and Legg Mason Asset Management Singapore Pte. Limited, Registration Number (UEN) 200007942R. Legg Mason Asset Management Singapore Pte. Limited is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Franklin Resources, Inc. 7 Temasek Boulevard, #38-03 Suntec Tower One, 038987, Singapore. **Spain:** Issued by Franklin Templeton International Services S.à r.l. - Spanish Branch, Professional of the Financial Sector under the Supervision of CNMV, José Ortega y Gasset 29, Madrid, Spain. Tel: +34 91 426 3600, Fax: +34 91 577 1857. **South Africa:** Issued by Franklin Templeton Investments SA (PTY) Ltd, which is an authorised Financial Services Provider. Tel: +27 (21) 831 7400 Fax: +27 (21) 831 7422. **Switzerland:** Issued by Franklin Templeton Switzerland Ltd, Stockerstrasse 38, CH-8002 Zurich. **UK:** Issued by Franklin Templeton Investment Management Limited (FTIML), registered office: Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London EC4N 6HL. Tel: +44 (0)20 7073 8500. Authorized and regulated in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority. **Nordic regions:** Issued by Franklin Templeton International Services S.à r.l. Swedish Branch, filial, Nybrokajen 5, SE-111 48, Stockholm, Sweden. Tel: +46 (0)8 545 012 30, nordicinfo@franklintempleton.com, authorised in Luxembourg by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier to conduct certain financial activities in Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Iceland and Finland. Franklin Templeton International Services S.à r.l., Swedish Branch, filial conducts activities under supervision of Finansinspektionen in Sweden. **Offshore Americas:** In the U.S., this publication is made available only to financial intermediaries by Franklin Distributors, LLC, member FINRA/SIPC, 100 Fountain Parkway, St. Petersburg, Florida 33716. Tel: (800) 239-3894 (USA Toll-Free), (877) 389-0076 (Canada Toll-Free), and Fax: (727) 299-8736. Investments are not FDIC insured; may lose value; and are not bank guaranteed. Distribution outside the U.S. may be made by Franklin Templeton International Services, S.à r.l. (FTIS) or other sub-distributors, intermediaries, dealers or professional investors that have been engaged by FTIS to distribute shares of Franklin Templeton funds in certain jurisdictions. This is not an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to purchase securities in any jurisdiction where it would be illegal to do so.

Please visit www.franklinresources.com to be directed to your local Franklin Templeton website.

CFA® and Chartered Financial Analyst® are trademarks owned by CFA Institute.

